Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Defaul t Opera tor	Plur als	Time Stamp
L1	4	((alkalinity buffer\$5 adj ability) same stock) and (paper\$1machine paper\$1making) and (hydroxide same ("CO. sub.2" CO2 C adj O2 "CO.sub.2" carbon adj (dioxide bioxide)))	US-PGP UB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT; IBM_T DB	OR	OFF	2005/07/19 20:07
L2	4	((alkalinity buffer\$5 adj capacity) same stock) and (paper\$1machine paper\$1making) and (hydroxide same ("CO. sub.2" CO2 C adj O2 "C O.sub.2" carbon adj (dioxide bioxide)))	US-PGP UB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT; IBM_T DB	OR	OFF	2005/07/19 20:08
L3	31	((alkalinity buffer\$5 adj capacity)) and (paper\$1machine paper\$1making) and (hydroxide same ("CO. sub.2" CO2 C adj O2 "CO. sub.2" carbon adj (dioxide bioxide)))	US-PGP UB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT; IBM_T DB	OR	OFF	2005/07/19 20:08

L4	27	3 not 2	US-PGP UB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT; IBM_T DB	OR	OFF	2005/07/19 20:12
L5	1	Adalka	US-PGP UB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT; IBM_T DB	OR	ON	2005/07/19 20:13
S1	4	((alkalinity buffering adj ability) same stock) and (paper\$1machine paper\$1making) and (hydroxide same ("CO. sub.2" CO2 C adj O2 "CO.sub.2" carbon adj (dioxide bioxide)))	US-PGP UB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWE NT; IBM_T DB	OR	OFF	2005/07/19 20:07





→ Linde Group

Search

Contact

Home → Industry Know-how → Pulp & Paper → The Paper Team → ADALKA® Process

The Fiber Line Technology

Team

The Paper Team

The CODIP® Process Improver

ADALKA® Process

GRAFICO® Calcium Carbonate Saver

The Recovery Area Team

ADALKA® Process

Enhanced Buffering Capacity with the ADALKA® Process Stabilizer

Sitemap

Do the conditions in your stock preparation and short circulation processes need to be even and stable?

Then the ADALKA® Process Stabilizer is tailor made to do the very job! This new CO2 application from Linde is patented and is presently being launched to the market. It enhances the system alkalinity ie. buffering capacity, thus stabilizing wet end chemistry and unit operations like beating and mixing and providing excellent opportunities for optimization of chemical additions. The ADALKA® Process Stabilizer was primarily developed for the production of woodfree paper and paperboard. However, experience proves that it can also very well be adapted to other kinds of paper qualities like wood containing papers.

Back Print

Copyright Linde Gas 2005 Terms of Use Imprint

My Page H

Buscar Mapa del sitio Contáctenos Ayuda Linde Gas Therapeutics

Inicio > Soluciones por industria > Papel y celulosa > Producción de papel > Estabilizador de proceso ADALKA®

Optimización del proceso con CODIP®

Estabilizador de proceso ADALKA®

Economizador de carbonato de calcio GRAFICO®



Estabilizador de proceso ADALKA®

Si necesita que las condiciones en los procesos de preparación de su stock y corto ciclo sean uniformes y estables, entonces el estabilizador de proceso ADALKA® es el apropiado para el trabajo.

Patentada por Linde, esta nueva aplicación del dióxido de carbono (CO₂) se está lanzando actualmente al mercado. Y entre sus ventajas podemos mencionar que mejora la alcalinidad del sistema, por ejemplo, la capacidad de buffering, estabilizando así la química del agua final – agua blanca– y de las operaciones de la unidad como el batido y el mezclado. Además, brinda excelentes oportunidades para la optimización de aditivos químicos.

El estabilizador de proceso ADALKA® fue desarrollado, principalmente, para la producción de papel y cartulinas "libres de madera". Sin embargo, la experiencia ha probado que puede adaptarse muy bien a papeles de otra calidad, como papeles con contenido de madera.



Contáctenos

Contacte: Teléfono:

Call Center 800 800 242

Fax:

02-231 8009

Enviar mensaje



Navegador Global

Atras 🗐 Imprimir

Nuestra compañia | Productos | Soluciones por industria | Aplicaciones de gas |
Formas de abastecimiento | Servicios | Proveedores | Seguridad, calidad y
medio ambiente | Oportunidades laborales | Noticias

Búsqueda avanzada | Mapa del sitio | Contáctenos | Ayuda | Imprint | Linde Gas Therapeutics

Chile

Linde Gas

800 800 242

AGA Gas, S.A de C.V

Buscar Mapa del Sitio Contactenos

Inicio > Mi Industria - Aplicaciones y Equipo > Papel y Celulosa > Producción de Papel

Producción de Pulpa

Producción de Papel

Recuperación química

Demanda biológica de oxígeno

Neutralización / control de PH con dióxido de carbono

Producción de Papel

El equipo del papel es el centro de conocimiento de AGA en lo que respecta a aplicaciones de gases relacionadas con la fabricación de papel. Es responsable por el desarrollo y comercialización de soluciones que faciliten el proceso de producción, mejoren la calidad y reduzcan el impacto en el medio ambiente.

El equipo trabaja con una orientación global, combinando la experiencia de diversos países y áreas de conocimiento para poder servir a las compañías de papel alrededor del mundo. Trabaja en continua cooperación con los clientes en todas las áreas de operación -investigación y desarrollo, producción y administración- para resolver sus particulares necesidades.



▼

Producción de Papel - Optimización del proceso con CODIP®

CODIP® es una aplicación del dióxido de carbono (CO2) que ha sido desarrollado principalmente para la producción de papel de periódicos, usando pulpa de papel libre de tinta como materia prima. La aplicación fue desarrollada y patentada por Linde junto con la cooperación asociada de UPM-Kymmene. Fue lanzado a fines de 1998 y actualmente es utilizada en un gran número de papeleras. CODIP® interactúa con los componentes presentes en el sistema para estabilizar la fluctuación del proceso debido a la materia prima, el método de blanqueo, los aditivos químicos, etc. Algunos ejemplos de sus beneficios son: Incremento de la capacidad de las máquinas de papel. Incremento de la producción de DIP (Deinked Pulp) como una forma de carbonato de calcio. Estabilización del perfil de pH.

📤 Inicio de página 🔻 Siguiente



Producción de Papel - Estabilizador de proceso ADALKA®

Mejora de la capacidad intermedia ("buffer") con el estabilizador de proceso ADALKA®. ¿Necesita que las condiciones en los procesos de preparación de su stock y corto ciclo sean uniformes y estables? ¡Entonces el estabilizador de proceso ADALKA® es el apropiado para el trabajo! Esta nueva aplicación del dióxido de carbono (CO2) fue patentada por Linde y se está lanzando actualmente al mercado. Mejora la alcalinidad del sistema, por ejemplo, la capacidad de buffering, estabilizando de este modo la química da agua final – agua blanca– y las operaciones de la unidad como el batido y el mezclado, brindando excelentes oportunidades para la optimización de aditivos químicos. El estabilizador de proceso ADALKA® fue desarrollado, principalmente, para la producción de papel y cartulinas "libres de madera". Sin embargo, la experiencia ha probado que también

México

Linde Gas



puede adaptarse muy bien a papeles de otras calidades, como papeles con contenido de madera.

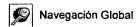
▲ Inicio de página ▼ Siguiente



Producción de Papel - Economizador de carbonato de calcio GRAFICO®

Carbonato de calcio (CaCO3) como relleno en papeles con contenido de madera. GRAFICO®, el economizador de carbonato de calcio, es una aplicación del dióxido de carbono (CO2) desarrollada y patentada por Linde en conjunto con la cooperación asociada de UPM-Kymmene, para ser utilizado cuando se introduce CaCo3 como relleno en la producción de papeles que contienen pulpa mecánica como el papel de periódico y papel SC (super calendered paper). Las condiciones en las máquinas de papel son a menudo tales que el CaCo3 comienza a disolverse y los productores papel conocen los problemas originados por calcio liberado en el sistema. GRAFICO®, el economizador de carbonato de calcio, ayuda a prevenir la disolución del CaCo3 debido cambios localizados del pH o a condiciones levemente ácidas y a crear condiciones para un proceso más estable.

Inicio de página



Nuestra Empresa | Seguridad | Productos | Servicios | Mi Industria - Aplicaciones y Equipo | Servicios en Línea | Localidades | Noticias e Información | Oportunidades Laborales

<u>Busqueda Avanzada | Mapa del Sitio | Contactenos | Política de Privacidad | Aviso Legal | Descargue Acrobat Reader</u>



Linde Paperteam



Das Linde Paperteam hat Erfahrungen, die beste Lösung für ihren Prozess je nach produzierter Papier-qualität, der Rohstoffbasis und den Prozessbedingungen herauszufinden.

Linde Gas ist seit 20 Jahren in der Papier- und Zellstoffbranche ein etablierter Sauerstoff- und Kohlendioxidlieferant. Das Paperteam von wicklungen, Anwendungen und Vermarktung innerhalb der Papier-Linde wurde eigens für Neuentindustrie geschaffen.

das Know-how aus den verschledenen Ländern kann somit gebündelt und die global agierenden Papierindustrien optimal bedient werden. Das Team arbeitet länderübergreifend,

Die enge Kooperation mit dem Kunden ist der Schlüsselfaktor des Erfolges.

Unser Team von Spezialisten bietet Ihnen:

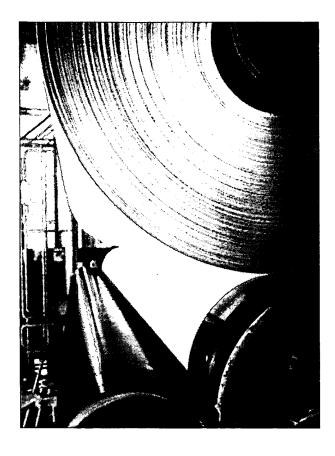
- Prozessstudien beim Kunden, Auslegung der Prozessbedingungen,
- Lösungsvorschläge zur Verbes-serung der Produktionseffizienz.
- Die Versuchsabwicklung beinhaltet: ◊ Projektleitung

- EngineeringSchulungInstallationVersuchsplanung
 - Analysen
- Installation einer Dauerversorgung
 - Verfahrensoptimierung und Unterstützung bei der Problemiösung Inbetriebnahme



Linde Gas GmbH & Co KG Waschenbergerstraße 13 4651 Sadaf-Paura Tel. 07245/ 216 00 Fax 216 16 www.linde-gas.at

Anwendung von ${\Bbb CO}_2$ in der Papier-Industrie





der Produktionsstandard von Morgen sein Das Prozessgeheimnis von Heute kann

Perfektionierte Lösungen – zugeschnitten auf Ihre Bedürfnisse.

Die Komplexität der Papierhersowie hohe Produktionsgeschwinstellung, die Größe der Einheiten Voraussetzungen, den Qualitätsanforderungen verschiedenster kontrollierte Bedingungen sind Kundenzufriedenheit ist damit Papiersorten zu entsprechen. Fehlfunktionen. Stabile und digkeiten tolerieren keine garantiert.

Das Paperteam von Linde Gas nat dafür eine Palette von spezifischen Lösungen zur Verbesseung des Papierherstellungsprozesses entwickelt.

on Papiermaschinen werden die Prozesse von sauren auf neutrale gen umgestellt. Kalziumkarbonat oder pseudoneutrale Bedingun-Bei einer steigenden Anzahl (CaCO₃) gewinnt als Füllstoff zunehmend an Bedeutung.

die Erhöhung der Pufferkapazität und die Steuerung der Steuerung der pH-Profile durch Eine unserer Stärken ist die Kalziumkarbonat-Chemie.

helfen Ihnen, perfekte Läsungen zur Prozess- und Laufoptimierung In enger Zusammenarbeit mit um die Papierherstellung zu verbekannten Papierherstellern Jaben wir Verfahren entwickelt, effektivität zu verbessern. Wir feinern und die Produktionszu finden.

gen in der Stoffaufbereitung zu ADALKA® Process

Stabilizer

bilität ermöglicht die Kontrolle der Voraussetzung für jeden Papierherstellungsprozess. Diese Stacomplexen Nasspartiechemie. Stabiler pH-Wert ist die

bilizer bietet Ihnen eine raffinierte Methode an, die pH-Abweichun-Der ADALKA* Process Sta-

Abläufe.

Bedingungen für die Kontrolle der Nasspartie-Chemie und verhindern. Ursachen für die pHin den Stapeltürmen. Die Stabili-Zusätze sowie lange Verweilzeit chemikalien, mikrobiologische sierung liefert ausgezeichnete Abweichung sind u. a. Bleich-Aktivitäten und chemische Optimierung der einzelnen

CODIP® Process Improver Steigerung der Alkalinität und der bilizer verwendet eine Kombination von Kohlendioxid (CO₂) und Der ADALKA® Process Sta-Natriumhydroxid (NaOH) zur

Pufferkapazität. Der pH-Wert vom

System kann auf die gewünschte

Größe eingestellt werden. Die Auflösung von Katziumkarbonat

verringert sich.

Rohstoff verwenden und dient der Stabilisierung des pH-Wertes und Reduzierung der Härte: piermaschinen entwickelt worden, Diese Technologie ist für Pawelche Deinkingstoff (DIP) als

haltiges SC- und Zeitungspapier

zu erleichtern.

Diese Technologie wurde entwickelt, um die Verwendung von CaCO₂ als Füllstoff für holz-

GRAFICO® Calcium

Carbonate Saver

Vorteile:

- verbesserte Laufeigenschaften der Papiermaschine
- erhöhte Ausbeute des Deinkingstoffes

verbesserte Laufeigenschaften

der Papiermaschinen

ADALKA Process Stabilizer

Die Schlüsselnutzen des

die Verwendung von anderen

kein H₂SO₄ erforderlich

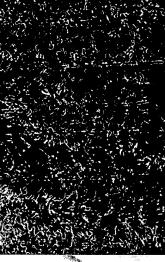
gewünschte niedrigere Größe der pH-Wert wird auf die eingestellt **Vorteile**:

verringert die Auflösung von Kalziumkarbonat

gesteigerte Pufferkapazität im System

Chemikalien kann optimiert CODIP® Process mprover und

in gesonderter Installation oder in basieren. Diese Verfahren werden Verwendung des Kohlendioxids sind Innovationen, die nur auf

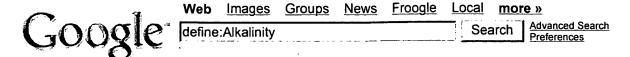


GRAFICO® Calcium **Carbonate Saver**

Verbindung mit ADALKA•
Process Stabilizer verwendet

Ein Beispiel für eine ADALKA* Process Stabilizer-Installation mit implementierter Alkalitäts-Kontrolleinheit (ACU).

- 3 which achieves a significant buffering effect is a sodium
- 4 hydroxide feed equal to between 0.5 and 5 kg/ton dry
- 5 <u>cellulose</u> and said amount of carbon dioxide <u>feed</u> which
- 6 achieve achieves a significant buffering effect is are,
- 7 respectively, equal to between 0.5 and 5 kg/ton dry
- 8 cellulose.
- 1 16. (currently amended) A process for stabilizing
- 2 the pH of a pulp suspension at a desired pH level,
- 3 comprising providing a papermaking pulp suspension and
- 4 increasing the alkalinity buffering ability of said paper
- 5 making pulp suspension by adding to the circulation
- 6 system of pulp and white water in the stock preparation
- of a paper machine in a paper mill, a combination of an
- 8 alkali metal hydroxide feed and a carbon dioxide feed,
- 9 which feeds cooperate to increase the pH of said pulp
- 10 suspension and to otherwise only counter each other's pH
- 11 <u>adjusting effects</u> without <u>further</u> separate uses of their
- 12 respective intermediate pH adjusting effects, each of
- 13 said feeds being added in an amount greater than what
- 14 would be required to only adjust the pH of the suspension
- 15 to the desired pH level, said feeds being provided in an
- 16 amount sufficient to achieve a significant buffering
- 17 effect of said pulp suspension and to increase the pH of
- 18 said pulp suspension and maintain the pH at a desired
- 19 level from the addition of the feeds throughout the short
- 20 circulation and formation of the paper on the paper
- 21 machine.



Web

Definitions of **Alkalinity** on the Web:

- The acid-neutralizing capacity of water. It is primarily a function of the carbonate, bicarbonate, and hydroxide content in water. The lower the alkalinity, the less capacity the water has to absorb acids without becoming more acidic. dnr.metrokc.gov/wlr/waterres/lakes/glossary.htm
- the measurement of constituents in a water supply which determine alkaline conditions. The alkalinity of water is a measure
 of its capacity to neutralize acids. See pH.
 www.aquatechnologies.com/info glossary.htm
- Alkalinity is useful in removing acidic, fatty and oily soils. Soap and soap-based products are alkaline and perform well only
 in an alkaline medium. Detergent products can be formulated at any level of alkalinity determined by the cleaning task to be
 performed.
 - www.howtocleananything.com/hca_glossay.htm
- Alkalinity is a measure of the concentration of bases in the water and the capacity of the water to accept acidity (le it's buffering capacity). Alkalinity is usually measured as either mg/l (milligrams per litre) CaCO3 (Calcium Carbonate) or meq (milli-equivalents). 1 meq = 50 mg/l CaCO3. The ideal range of alkalinity for fish farming is 20 300mg/l. Below 20mg/l the water will have a very low buffering capacity, and any acids that are washed into the water (for example after heavy rain has soaked through peat), will cause a big fall in pH. Such fluctuations
 www.aquatext.com/list-a.htm
- Also more commonly called total alkalinity. A measure of the pH-buffering capacity of water. Also called the water's
 resistance to change in pH. Composed of the hydroxides; carbonates and bicarbonates in the water. One of the basic water
 tests necessary to determine water balance.
 www.poolspa.com/glossary.html
- The quantitative capacity of a water or water solution to neutralize an acid. It is usually measured by titration with a standard acid solution of sulfuric acid, and expressed in terms of its calcium carbonate equivalent.
 www.cleanwaterstore.com/technical/glossary/glossary_abc.html
- a measure of the ability of a solution to absorb positively charged hydrogen ions without a significant change in pH. Also referred to as buffering capacity. Alkaline solutions have a pH greater than 7.0. (see pH) www.mondaycreek.org/glossary.html
- the capacity of water for neutralizing an acid solution. mvhs1.mbhs.edu/riverweb/glossary.html
- The acid-neutralizing capacity of a solution. Alkalinity indicates how much change in pH will occur with the addition of
 moderate amounts of acid. Because alkalinity of most natural waters is composed almost entirely of bicarbonate and
 carbonate ions, determinations of alkalinity can provide accurate estimates of concentrations of these ions. Bicarbonate
 and carbonate ions are among the dominant anions present in natural waters thus alkalinity measurements provide
 information about major ion relations and evolution of water chemistry.
 water usgs.gov/pubs/ofr/ofr00-213/manual_eng/glossary.html
- This is the measure of a solution's resistance to changes in pH. It is commonly measured as carbonate alkalinity or total
 alkalinity, and is expressed in meq, dKH, or ppm of C03 ions. The alkalinity can be raised by adding a buffer.
 <u>fins.actwin.com/glossary.php</u>
- The capacity of water to neutralize or buffer acids. A solution is alkaline when its pH value is above 7. High levels in water
 or soil can lead to problems.

the total measurable bases (OH, HCO3, CO3) in a volume of water; a measure of a material's capacity to neutralize acids..
 Top

www.epa.gov/grtlakes/seahome/housewaste/src/glossary1.htm

- having a pH greater than 7.
 www.hcs.ohio-state.edu/mg/manual/glossary.htm
- concentration of alkali metals that form salts (eg Li, Na, K). High alkalinity raises pH and precipitates metals out of solution and is often associated with limestone substrates.
 www.nps.gov/plants/restore/library/glossary.htm
- The capacity of bases to neutralize acids. An example is lime added to lakes to decrease acidity. www.e11th-hour.org/resources/backgrounders/environmental.glossary.a.html
- is a measure of the proton-accepting capacity of a solution. This property is also referred to as its "acid-neutralizing capacity", and is equal to the sum concentration of all proton acceptors in the solution or the total strong base concentration. Total alkalinity is operationally defined as the alkalinity neutralized by titration with a strong acid to the carbonic acid equivalence point. (IT = incremental titration, DIS = dissolved, TOT = total)

 ga.water.usgs.gov/nawqa/glossary.html
- The condition of pH between 7-14. The chief cause of alkalinity in brewing water is the bicarbonate ion (HCO 3 -1).
 www.howtobrew.com/glossary.html
- The relative acidity of any solution expressed in a pH range of numbers. The pH value is the negative common logarithm of the hydrogen-ion concentration in a solution, expressed in moles per liter of solution. A neutral solution, that is, one that is neither acidic nor alkaline, such as pure water, has a concentration of 10 moles per liter; its pH is thus 7. Acidic solutions have pH values ranging with decreasing acidity from 0 to nearly 7; alkaline or basic solutions have a pH ranging with increasing alkalinity from just beyond 7 to 14. In seawater, the alkalinity amsglossary.allenpress.com/glossary/browse
- The capacity to buffer against pH drops. The greater the alkalinity, the more stable the pH will be and the less likely that
 there will pH swings. Alkalinity can be raised by adding a carbonate buffer material. Alkalinity can also be maintained
 through the use of substance called kalkwasser.
 www.seasky.org/aquarium/sea3a.html
- The ability of water to maintain a stable pH. Controlled by the amount of carbonate ions present in the water. Also called Buffering Capacity. See KH.
 www.aquahobby.com/articles/e_glossary.php
- The sum of the anions of weak acids, plus hydroxyl, carbonate and bicarbonate ions in water. www.ngo.grida.no/soesa/nsoer/general/glossary.htm
- refers to how well a water body can neutralize acids. Alkalinity measures the amount of alkaline compounds in water, such as carbonates (CO 3 2-), bicarbonates (HCO 3 -), and hydroxides (OH -). These compounds are natural buffers that can remove excess hydrogen ions that have been added from sources such as acid rain or acid mine drainage. Alkalinity mitigates or relieves metals toxicity by using available HCO 3 and CO 3 2- to take metals out of solution, thus making it unavailable to fish. Alkalinity is affected by the geology of the watershed; watersheds containing limestone will have a higher alkalinity

bcn.boulder.co.us/basin/natural/wqterms.html

- Represents the amount of carbonates, bicarbonates, hydroxides and silicates or phosphates in the water and is reported as grains per gallon, or ppm as calcium carbonate.
 www.cleaver-brooks.com/GlossAE.html
- The capacity of water to neutralize acids, expressed in milligrams per liter of equivalent calcium carbonate. www.portlandonline.com/water/index.cfm

- The quantitative capacity of water to neutralize an acid; that is, the measure of how much acid can be added to a liquid without causing a significant change in pH.
 www.freakinfucus.co.uk/primers/prm_gloss.htm
- pH values above 7 wordnet.princeton.edu/perl/webwn
- The common (Arrhenius) definition of a base is a chemical compound that either donates hydroxide ions or absorbs hydrogen ions when dissolved in water. Bases and acids are referred to as opposites because the effect of an acid is to increase the hydronium ion concentration in water, whereas bases reduce this concentration. Arrhenius bases are water-soluble and always have a pH greater than 7 in solution.

 en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Alkalinity

define:Alkalinity	S	ea	rch	

<u>Language Tools | Search Tips | Dissatisfied? Help us improve</u>

<u>Google Home</u> - <u>Advertising Programs</u> - <u>Business Solutions</u> - <u>About Google</u>

©2005 Google

Sponsor message:: Apply Now For the American Express Small Business Gold Carc Free tools for surfers: Instant word lookup for your browser- Word of the Day NEW!

Free tools for webmasters: Linking to the Dictionary- Dictionary lookup box- Word of

Free: General Computing Medical Legal dictionary	Financial Acronyms● dictionary	Columbia Wikipedia Subscriptio
alkalinity	Word: alkalinity	Word ▼ Look it up

Alkalinity - Bargain Prices

Sponsored links

Shop fast. Buy smart. Shopzilla for Pet Supplies of all types. Every product from every store means you get a Bargain Price. Don't just shop, Shopzilla.

www.shopzilla.com

Determine Alkalinity Fast and Accurately

The TitraLab 850 Workstation from Radiometer Analytical comes with a dedicated application package for **alkalinity** determinations in water. The only thing you have to supply is the sample.

www.radiometer-analytical.com

Water Ionizers

Come to waterionizer.org for alkaline ionized water-the natural antioxidant. A mountain stream from your tap. Free Comparison Report.

www.waterionizer.org

al·ka·lin·i·ty (alk ə-lin'i-te)

n. pl. al·ka·lin·i·ties

The alkali concentration or alkaline quality of an alkali-containing substance.

The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language, Fourth Edition copyright ©2000 by Houghton Mifflin Company.

Updated in 2003, Published by Houghton Mifflin Company, All rights reserved.

Thesaurus

Legend: Synonyms Related Words Antonyms

Noun 1. alkalinity - pH values above 7

pH, pH scale - (chemistry) p(otential of) H(ydrogen); the logarithm of the reciprocal of hydrogen-ion concentration in gram atoms per liter; provides a measure on a scale from 0 to 14 of the acidity or alkalinity of a solution (where 7 is neutral and greater than 7 is acidic and less than 7 is basic)

acidity - pH values below 7

Some words with "alkalinity" in the definition:

acid-base indicator	alkalosis	hydrogen ion	pathology	respiratory alkalosis
acidity	chemical science	concentration	pН	Sorensen
<u>alkalimeter</u>	<u>chemistry</u>	<u>laxative</u>	pH scale	
Alkaline reaction	edaphic climax	metabolic alkalosis	phenolphthalein	
		neutrality		

◀◀ Previous	General I	English Dictionary Browser	Next ▶▶	
<u>alkalimetry</u>	Alkaline metals	<u>alkalinize</u>	Alkalizate	
<u>alkaline</u>	Alkaline reaction	alkalinuria	Alkalization	
alkaline earth	alkaline-earth metal	<u>Alkalious</u>	alkalize	
Alkaline earths	alkaline-loving	alkalise	alkalizer	
alkaline metal	alkalinise	alkaliser	alkaloid	

Full Dictionary Browser

alkaline phosphatase	◆Alkaline Trio (band)	Alkalinity (chemistry)	■Alkalis
 alkaline phosphatase 	alkaline-ash diet	◆alkalinize	 alkalise
■alkaline phosphatase	alkaline-earth metal	alkalinuria	 alkaliser
 Alkaline Phosphatase Activity 	oalkaline-earth metal	<u>alkalinuria</u>	alkaliser
 Alkaline Phosphatase Anti 	■alkaline-earth metal	 Alkalious 	∘ <u>alkaliser</u>
Alkaline Phosphatase	■alkaline-earth metal	■Alkaliphile	■alkaliser
 Alkaline Poly-Ethylene 	■alkaline-earth metals	◆ <u>Alkalis</u>	■alkaliser
<u>Glycolate</u>	■Alkaline-forming foods	■ <u>Alkalis</u>	◆Alkalizate

◆Alkaline Poly-Ethylene Glycolate Monomethyl-Ether ◆Alkaline Surfactant Polymer

◆alkaline-loving◆alkalinise

Alkalis■Alkalis

Alkalization

◆alkalize

(flooding)

⊚alkaline tide

■Alkaline Trio







Free tools for surfers: Instant word lookup for your browser - Word of the Day NEW! - Add the dictionary to favorites - Help - Feedback
Free tools for webmasters: Linking to the Dictionary - Dictionary lookup box - Content for your website NEW! - Script word lookup - Partner with us

Answers.com[™]

Go.

Business Entertainment Games Health People Places Reference Science Shopping Words More...

On this page:

Dictionary

alkalinity

Dictionary

MIFFLIN COMPANY

al·ka·lin·i·ty (ălˈkə-lĭn'ĭ-tē) (n, pl. -ties)

The alkali concentration or alkaline quality of an alkali-containing substance.

<u>Medical</u>



al·ka·lin·i·ty (ăl'kə-lĭn'ĭ-tē)

The alkali concentration or alkaline quality of a substance that contains alkali.

WordNet



Note: click on a word meaning below to see its connections and related words.

The *noun* alkalinity has one meaning:

Meaning #1: pH values above 7
Antonym: acidity (meaning #3)

<u>Wikipedia</u>



(

alkalinity

Alkalinity is a measure of the acid netralizing capacity of a solution.

This netralizing capacity is equal to the <u>stoichiometric</u> sum of the <u>bases</u> in solution. In the natural environment <u>carbonate alkalinty</u> tends to make up most of the total alkalinity due to the common occurrence and dissolution of <u>carbonate</u> rocks and presence of <u>carbon dioxide</u> in the atmosphere. Other common natural components that make up alkalinity include <u>borate</u>, <u>hydroxide</u>, <u>phosphate</u>, <u>silicate</u>, <u>nitrate</u>, and <u>sulphide</u>. Solutions produced in a labratory may contain a virtual limitless number of bases that contribute to alkalinity.

This entry is from Wikipedia, the leading user-contributed encyclopedia. It may not have been reviewed by professional editors (see <u>full disclaimer</u>)

pH (measure of the edaphic climax Carbonate alkaling feltmaking buffer (in chemist	<u>iity</u>)		Amm hypod	nsen, Soren nonia clear chlorous a s (materia	ning solu cid	•	Danish ch	emist)				·
Find Alkalinity We have what y www.eWoss.co	you're lo	ooking fo	or. Alk a	alinity & n	nuch mo	re!	**************************************					Spons	ored Link
6-Way Pool Te Swimming Poo www.walmart.c	ls - Poo	l Mainte	nance [Γoys at Wa	al-Mart								
Copyrights:		-											
HOUGHTON MIFFLIN COMPANY	€€ Cite₃₃ .	The Ameri	can Herita	of alkalinity ge® Dictionary on Mifflin Corr	of the Engl	lish Langu ghts reser	iage, Fourt	th Edition C	Copyrigi	ht © 2004, 2	000 by <u>Ho</u>	ughton Miff	lin Company.
HOUGHTON MIFFLIN COMPANY	"Cite".	Medical de	finition of							5 by <u>Hought</u>	on Mifflin	Company.	More from
W	"Cite",			i about a lkalini right © 2001 by		University	. All rights	s reserved.	More f	rom <u>WordN</u>	<u>et</u>		
	"Cite",			n about alkalir d under the <u>GN</u>		umentatio	on License.	It uses mat	terial fro	om the <u>Wik</u> i	pedia artic	le "Alkalinit	<u>vy"</u> . More fror
Jump to: Dict	tionary		43	Send this	<u>page</u>	3	Print t	his page	2	<i>₿</i> <u>L</u> i	nk to th	nis page	
			T	ell me abo	ut:	•			Go				
Home About	Tell a	<u>Friend</u>	<u>Buzz</u>	Privacy	<u>Terms</u>	of Use	<u>Help</u>	Site N	<u> Иар</u>	poweredby GuruN	et ^{ili}		-

Mentioned In

alkalinity is mentioned in the following topics:



confederation of paper industries

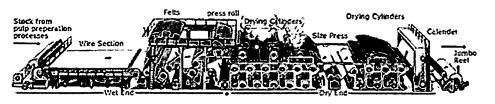
WHO MAKES WHAT? KEY STATISTICS | FAQS | PAPERMAKING PROCESS | EMAIL ENQUIRY | CONTACT US

> NEWS > INFORMATION PUBLICATIONS > ABOUT CPI > MEMBERS ONLY > TRAINING > HEALTH & SAFETY > LINKS

SECTORS

- > PAPERMAKING
- > CORRUGATED
- > TISSUE
- > RECOVERED PAPER

Papermaking Machine



Stock Preperation

Bales of wood pulp or waste paper are conveyored into a large circular tank (<u>hydrapulper</u>) which contains water. The bales are broken up into smaller pieces and <u>mixed</u> with the water, then discharged into large storage tanks.

The pulp is diluted with water and is then referred to as 'stock'. The cellulose fibres then have to be passed through a <u>refining</u> process. Before refining the fibres are stiff and inflexible and if this was made into paper it would result in a weak and bulky paper. The stock is pumped through a refiner which has a series of revolving discs. This violent process cuts and opens up the fibres and makes the ends divide (known as fibrillation). The fibres become more pliable and improves fibre bonding.

After refining, the stock is <u>screened and cleaned</u> to remove small impurities which could ruin the finished paper. The stock passes to a blending tank where chemicals and dyes can be added to obtain the required characteristics of the finished paper. After passing through a second cleaning system the stock is now ready for the paper machine.

< back

















STOCK PREPARATION

- Pulp Preparation
- Refining
- Pulp Storage



- Motor & Mechanical Maintenance Solution
- Training
- Power Lean
- TCO
 Total Cost of
 Ownership
- Repair Service Center Locations

Stock Preparation

Pulp Preparation



The first area of a papermill that the pulp enters is the stock preparation area. The basic objective here is to take the pulp and non-fibrous components and continuously & uniformly combine them into the papermill stock, called the furnish. A uniform papermaking furnish ensures stable paper making operation and a high standard of paper quality.

PRODUCT SOLUTIONS

GEARING

- Shaft Mount Speed Reducers
- Quantis
 Gearmotors &
 Reducers
- Combination
 Speed Reducers
 (Quill Mount &
 Adaptable)
- Maxum
 Concentric
 Speed Reducers

PT COMPONENTS

- Synchronous Drive
- Sheaves & Sprockets

MOTORS

- 841XL Severe Duty Motors
- RPM AC Variable Speed Motors
- Large AC Motors

DRIVES

S GV3000/SE AC Drives

COUPLINGS

PARA-FLEX COUPLINGS

- ► Home
- Debarking
- ► Chipping
- ► Digester
- ► Pulp Mill Operation
- ► Stock Preparation
- ► Paper Machine We
- ► Paper Machine Dry

TRESOURCES

- ► Related Literature
- ► News
- ► D/R Magazine

©2005, Rockwell Automation. All Rights Reserved. Important Notices